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AH500 Quick Start

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AH500 Quick Start

Revision History

Version	Revision	Date
1 st	The first version was published.	2012/11/09
2 nd	 Update section 2.3.1 Wiring the Power Supply Module Update section 2.3.4 Wiring the Analog Input / Output Module 	2016/08/15





AH500 Quick Start

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Chapter 1 Introduction

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1.1 Manuals

Delta Electronics, Inc. provides users with the manuals related to the AH500 series programmable logic controllers according to different application requirements.

AH500 Hardware Manual: It introduces hardware specifications, addressing, wiring, maintenance, troubleshooting, and etc.

AH500 Operation Manual: It introduces the configuration of the hardware, the setting of the connection, the operation of the CPU module, the setting of the software, and etc.

AH500 Programming Manual: It introduces devices and instructions.

AH500 Module Manual: It introduces module specifications, installation, setting, troubleshooting, and etc.

AH500 Motion Control Module Manual: It introduces the specifications for the motion control modules, the wiring, the instructions, and the functions.

- ISPSoft User Manual: It introduces the use of ISPSoft, including the variables, the connection, the programs, and the function blocks.
- PMSoft User Manual: It introduces the use of PMSoft, including the editing mode, the connection, and the encryption.
- AH500 Quick Start: It helps users create and use the system in a short time. AH500 Quick Start not only introduces the basic system frameworks, but also teaches users to write a program step by step by means of simple examples, and download the program which includes the variables and the function blocks to the CPU module. Users can experience the convenience brought by the new functions. If an error occurs when the system runs, please refer to section 3.3.2 for more information about debugging the program. (Please refer to chapter 12 in AH500 Operation Manual for more information about the troubleshooting.)

The graphic representations in the manual

Graph	Significance
	Clicking the left mouse button
	Clicking the right mouse button
2	Double-clicking the left mouse button
	Pressing and holding the left mouse button, and then moving the mouse without releasing the button.
	Typing with a keyboard
1	Operating sequence (The graphic representation is used when the operating sequence is mentioned. For example, \bigcirc and $\oslash \square$.)
1	Number used with a picture



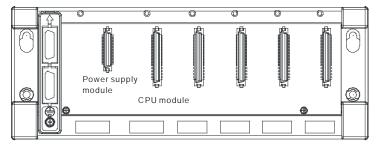
1.2 System Frameworks

The AH500 series programmable logic controller is a medium type of programmable logic control system. The execution speed and the memory capacity are increased. Besides, the complete program development function of function blocks is supported. In order to meet users' more advanced application requirements, the AH500 series programmable logic controllers provide more flexible system extension frameworks. Under such system frameworks, users do not need to use several CPU modules to control the system because of the fact that there are too many I/O points or the equipment is too far away. The completeness of the system is retained, and users can be more efficient in developing the projects.

The minimum framework requirement for the AH500 system:

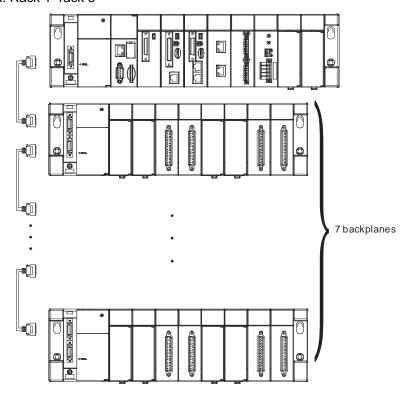
To create the AH500 system, one main backplane, one power supply module, and one CPU module are needed for the operation of the CPU module.

Main backplane (four-slot AHBP04M1-5A)



The common framework of the AH500 system (for original equipment manufacturers):

The AH500 system can meet most equipment development requirements in the application field of original equipment manufacturers. Generally speaking, one eight-slot main backplane or one twelve-slot main backplane is chosen. Some advanced equipment can be used with a six-slot extension backplane or an eight-slot extension backplane under the original framework to increase the number of I/O points and the number of axes, or decrease the wiring cost. The framework: Rack 1~rack 8





The configuration is as follows.



5 43 10110										
l	Rack 1 (eight-slot main backplane)									
	Power supply	CPU module	Network module	Motion control module	Motion control module	Motion control module	Motion control module	Motion control module	Motion control module	
	Rack 2	2 (eig	ht-slo	ot ex	tensi	on ba	ackpl	ane)		
 	Power supply	Digital input module	Digital input module	Digital output module	Analog input module	Temperature measurement module			Serial communication module	
i ↓										

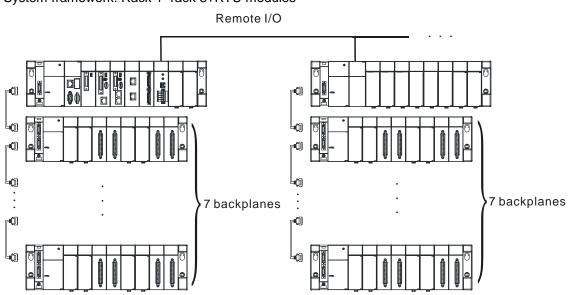
Eight racks at most

Note: Owing to the consideration to the data transmission speed, the motion control modules and the network modules (exclusive of the serial communication modules) have to be installed with the CPU module on the same backplane. Otherwise, the system can not operate properly.

The common framework of the AH500 system (for system integration):

The AH500 system can meet most system control requirements in the application field of the system integration. Generally speaking, the system framework is related to the positions of the equipments. A control panel is usually placed among the equipments which are concentrated to save the wiring cost. However, there is usually more than one concentration point, and the distance between the concentration points is over 100 meters. If it is necessary for users to place more than two control panels, the RTU modules are required. The remote framework of the AH500 system not only fills the remote requirement, but also is combined with the extension of the local I/O. Under most conditions, a control panel instead of a backplane can be regarded as a remote I/O station. In addition, the backplanes, the power supply modules, and other modules are compatible with one another. The convenience of planning the system is increased, and the difficulty of choosing the products is also decreased.

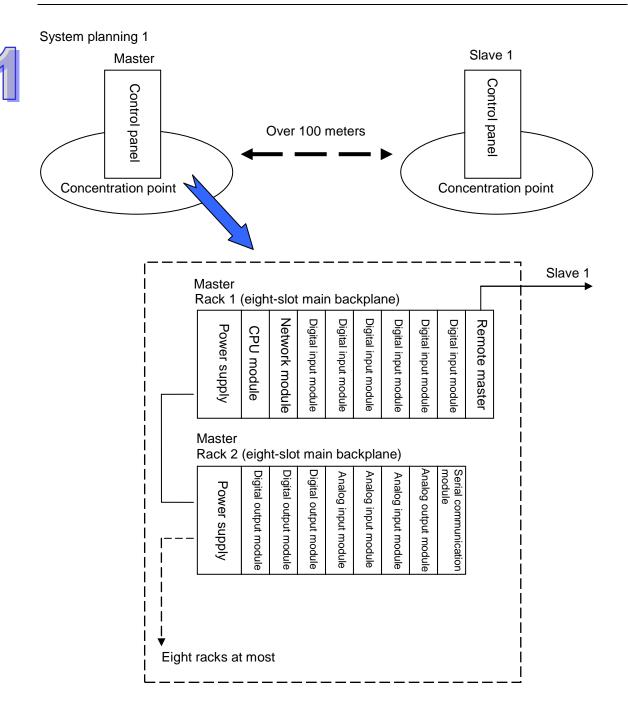




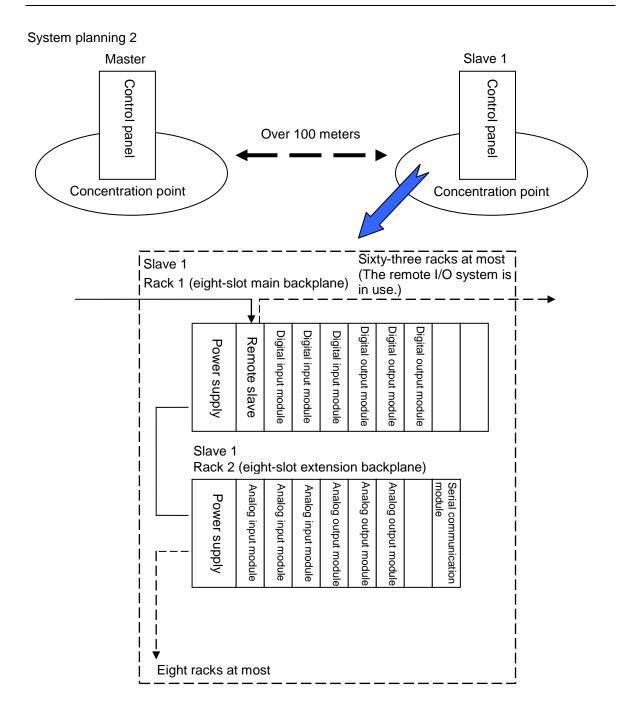
System framework: Rack 1~rack 8+RTU modules

Note: Users are provided with the special cables to connect the extension backplanes. The length of a special cable can be up to 100 meters. They are also provided with the fiber cables which are used with the special adapters. The length of a fiber cable can be up to 2 kilometers.

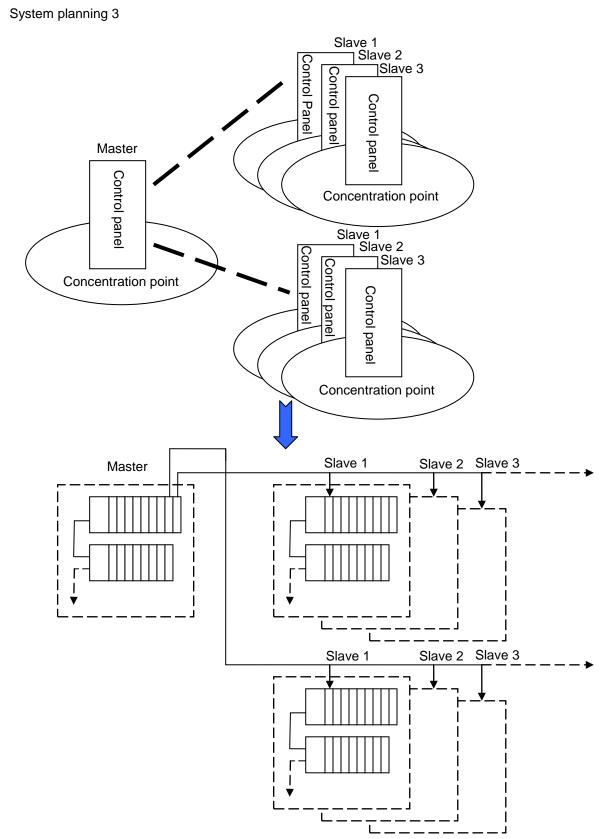










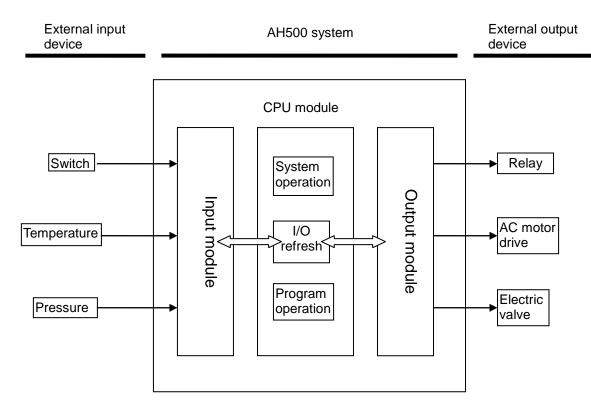


Note: The remote masters in DeviceNet are the network modules. They have to be installed with the CPU modules on the same backplane. A CPU module can support eight masters, and a master can be connected to sixty-three slaves. Besides, a slave can be connected to seven extension backplanes at most.



1.3 Operation of the CPU module

The CPU module is the nucleus of the AH500 system. It is responsible for not only the execution of the logic program, but also the data exchange and the processing of the communication data. The relation between the AH500 system and the external devices are illustrated below.



The operation of the CPU module is illustrated above. The system procedures related to the initialization, the diagnosis, and the communication, and the program procedures related to the external interrupts and timed interrupts are simplified. Users can refer to other manuals for more information. The operation of the CPU module is described below.



The CPU module is supplied with power.

The system enables the initialization.

- The non-latched memory is initialized.
- The user program is checked.
- The parameters in the CPU module are checked.
- The parameters in the module table are checked.
- The module table in the CPU module is compared with the actual I/O configuration.
- The I/O setting is downloaded to the I/O module.
- If the memory card is installed, whether to execute the system copy procedure or not is checked.

Diagnosis processing:

- The memory card and other setting are checked.
- The I/O bus is checked.
- The system parameter is checked.

The data sent to the I/O module is refreshed.

- The data sent to the digital I/O module is refreshed.
- The data sent to the analog I/O module is refreshed.
- The data sent to other modules are refreshed.

Program execution:

- The user program is executed.
- The interrupt task is executed.

The data sent from the I/O module is refreshed.

- The data sent from the digital I/O module is refreshed.
- The data sent from the analog I/O module is refreshed.
- The data sent from other modules are refreshed.

Communication service:

- The communication through the CPU module
- The communication through other I/O modules
- The internal communication between the CPU module and the I/O module





Chapter 2 Programming

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Preparations 2.1

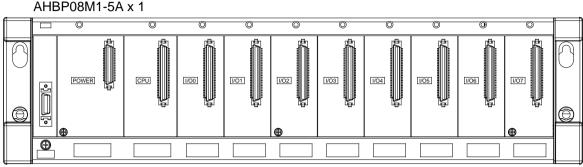
2.1.1 Hardware

The hardware needed in the example is as follows.

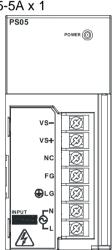
- Eight-slot main backplane
 - AHBP08M1-5A x 1



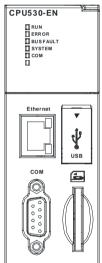
1.



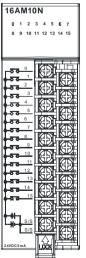
Power supply module 2. AHPS05-5A x 1



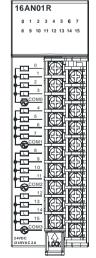
CPU module 3. (with the built-in network function) AHCPU530-EN x 1



Digital input module (16 inputs) 4. AH16AM10N-5A x 1

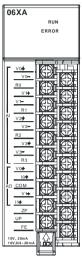


Digital output module (16 outputs) 5. AH16AN01R-5A x 1





6. Analog input/output module (6 channels) AH06XA-5A x 1



2.1.2 Software

The software needed in the example is as follows.

- ISPSoft version 2.0 or above
- COMMGR version 1.0 or above

2.1.3 Tools and Materials

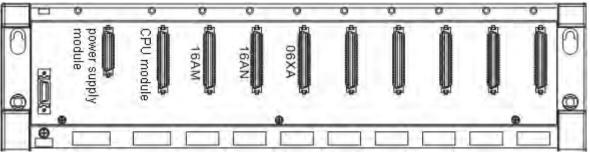
The tools and the materials need in the example are as follows.

- A personal computer in which the software mentioned above is installed
- A 100~240 VAC and 50/60 Hz power supply socket
- A 24 VDC power supply
- A cable
- A screwdriver
- An USB cable or a network cable (If users want to connect the Ethernet port or the COM port (RS-232/RS-485) on the CPU module to the computer, they can refer to section 2.3.2 in ISPSoft User Manual for more information. If users want to know more about installing the USB driver, they can refer to appendix A in AH500 Operation Manual.)
- If necessary, users can prepare the accessories such as a switch and a bulb (to simulate the
 activity of the external equipment).

2.2 Installation

2.2.1 Installing Modules

Please install the modules on the main backplane, as illustrated below.

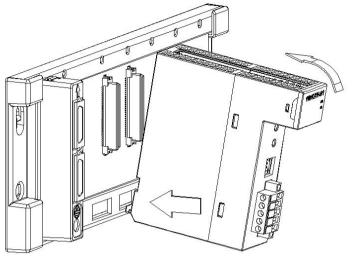


Connect the module to the connector on the backplane, make sure that the module is installed on the backplane properly, and tighen the the screw.

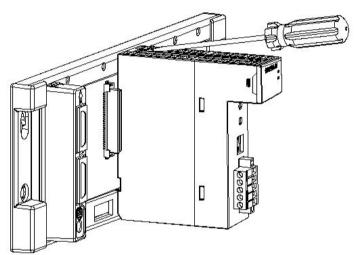




- 1. Insert the projection under the module into the hole in the backplane.
- 2. Push the module in the direction indicated by the arrow until it clicks.



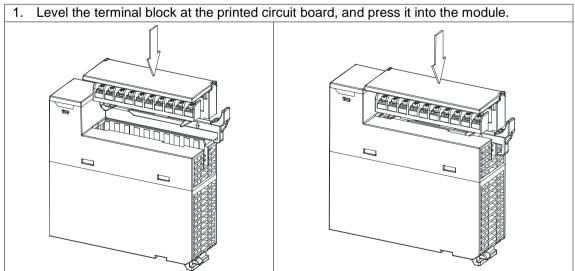
3. Tighten the screw on the module.



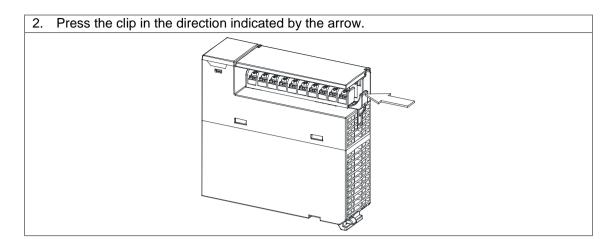
2.2.2 Installing Removable Terminal Blocks

Please install the removable terminal block on the module, as illustrated below.

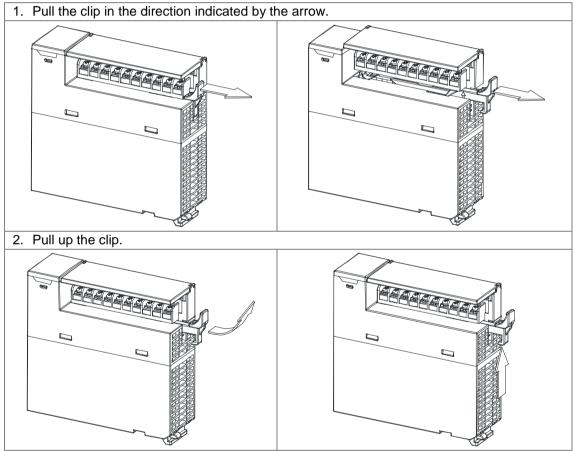
Installation



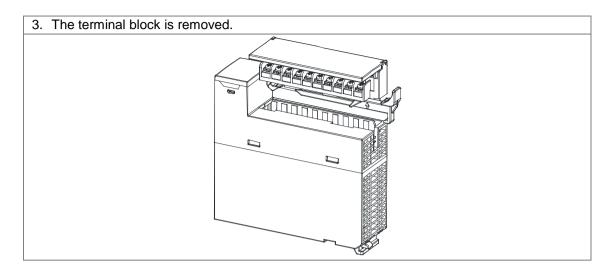




• Removal

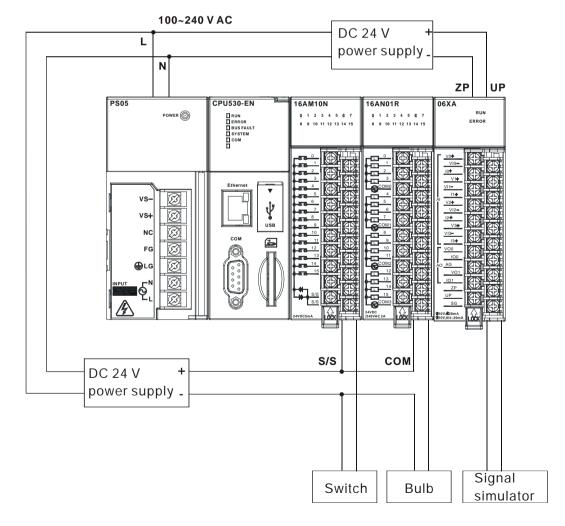






2.3 Wiring

After the modules are installed, the wiring of the modules follows. In order for the following example to proceed smoothly, the power supply module and the analog module have to be wired. Be sure to cut off the power supply before wiring the modules. To lend convenience and reality to the simulation, the signal lines can be connected to the switch and the bulb according to the personal needs. The rough framework is as follows.

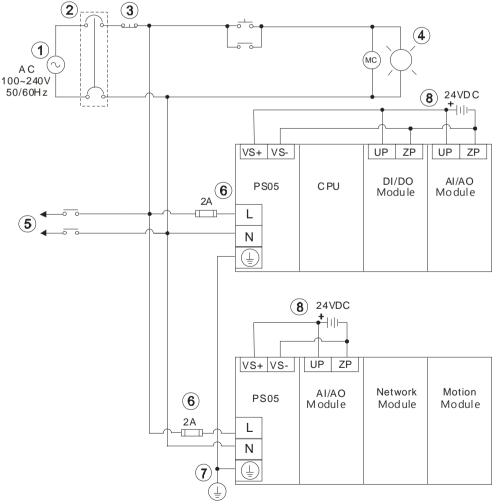




The wiring of the modules is described in detail below. (Please refer to AH500 Hardware Manual for more information.)

2.3.1 Wiring the Power Supply Module

- The alternating-current input voltage is within the range between 100 VAC and 240 VAC. Please connect the power supply to the terminals L and N. If the 110 VAC or the 220 VAC power supply is connected to the input terminals VS+ and VS-, the PLC will be damaged.
- In order to ensure that the 24 VDC external power supply is provided stably, it can be connected to VS+ and VS-. If the PLC detects that the voltage of the external power supply is lower than the working voltage, users can write a protective program. (Please refer to section 6.6 in AH500 Operation Manual for more information.)
- The length of the wire connecting with the ground is 1.6 millimeters.
- If the power cut lasts for less than 10 milliseconds, the PLC keeps running without being affected. If the power cut lasts for long, or if the voltage of the power supply decreases, the PLC stops running, and there is no output. When the power supply returns to normal, the PLC resumes. (Users have to notice that there are latched auxiliary relays and registers in the PLC when they write the program.)
- Please use the single-core cable or the twin-core cable. The diameter of the cable used should be with the range between 12 AWG and 22 AWG. The torque applied to the terminal screw should be within the range between 5 kg-cm (4.3 lb-in) and 8 kg-cm (6.9 lb-in). Please use the copper conducting wire. The temperature of the copper conducting wire should be 60/75°C.
- Safety wiring: The PLC controls many devices, and the activity of any device affects the activity of other devices. If a device breaks down, the whole automatic control system goes out of control, and the danger occurs. The protection circuit is as follows.





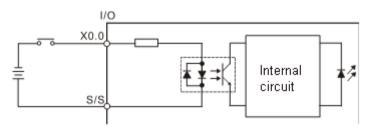


	Alternating-current power supply: 100~240 VAC, and 50/60 Hz
2	Circuit breaker
3	Emergency stop: The emergency stop button can be used to cut off the power when an emergency occurs.
4	Power indicator
5	AC power load
6	Fuse (2A)
\bigcirc	The ground impedance is less than 100 Ω .
8	Direct-current power supply: 24 VDC

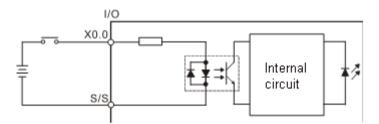
2.3.2 Wiring the Digital Input Module

The input signal is the direct-current power input. Sinking and sourcing are current driving capabilities of a circuit. They are defined as follows.

• Sinking



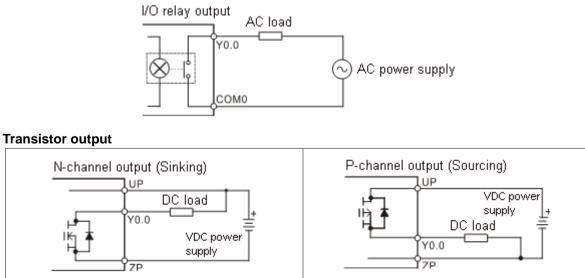
Sourcing



2.3.3 Wiring the Digital Output Module

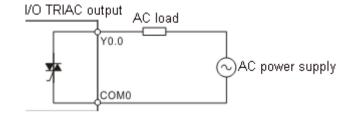
The output unit can be the relay output, the transistor output, or the TRIAC output.

Relay output

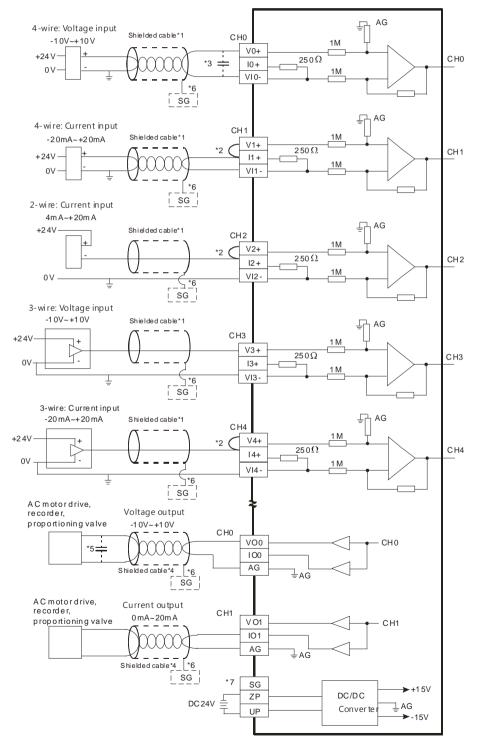




TRIAC output



2.3.4 Wiring the Analog Input/Output Module





- *1. Please use the shielded cables to isolate the analog input signal cables from other power cables.
- *2. If the module is connected to a current signal, the terminals Vn+ and In+ (n=0~7) have to be short-circuited.
- *3. If the ripple in the input voltage results in the noise interference with the wiring, please connect the module to the capacitor having a capacitance within the range between 0.1 μ F and 0.47 μ F with a working voltage of 25 V.
- *4. Please isolate the analog output signal cables from other power cables.
- *5. If the ripple is large for the input terminal of the load and results in the noise interference with the wiring, please connect the module to the capacitor having a capacitance within the range between 0.1 μF and 0.47 μF with a working voltage of 25 V.
- *6. Please connect the shielded cables to the terminal SG.
- *7. Once AH06XA-5A is installed on a backplane, the terminal SG on AH06XA-5A and the terminal (1) on the backplane will be short-circuited. Please connect the terminal (1) on the backplane to the ground terminal (1).

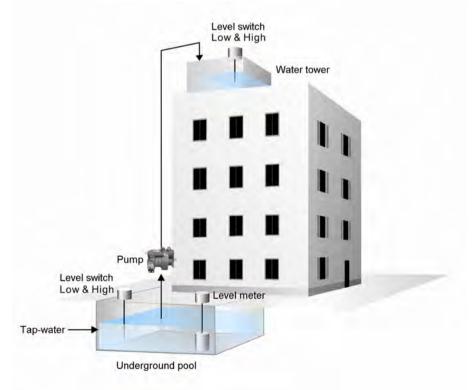
2.3.5 Supplying Power

After the wiring is complete, the CPU module can be supplied with power. Make sure that the CPU module is set to STOP before the CPU module is supplied with power. The CPU module executes the initialization after it is supplied with power. Owing to the fact that there is no hardware configuration in the CPU module, the error LED indicator is ON after the check is complete. This is a normal phenomenon which can be ignored temporarily.

2.4 Exemplification

After the hardware is installed, the wiring of the modules is complete, and the CPU module is supplied with power, users can write the program. In order for users to have a precise object and direction, the manual provides users with an example before they write the program. The manual teaches users how to create a new project and how to download the program to the CPU module step by step. The following are the contents of the example and the illustration of the framework.

• System framework







• Control action

The example is the basic design of the water supply of the multi-storey building. The tap-water is automatically supplied to the underground pool, and the water in the underground pool can be transported to the water tower on the top of the building through the pump. The water is distributed to every story in the building by means of gravity, and the action of the pump is controlled by the level switch of the underground pool and that that of the water tower. In order to monitor the water supply, the level meter is installed in the underground pool. The water storage capacity of the underground pool is monitored at all times.

The devices connected to the modules:

- A single-point level switch (contact A) The single-point level switch is installed in the underground pool, and the signal contact is connected to the digital input module.
- A two-point level switch (contact A) The two-point level switch is installed in the water tower on the top of the building, and the signal contact is connected to the digital input module.
- 3. A pump

The pump is installed near the underground pool. However, the device to which the PLC actually connects is not the pump but the control panel. Generally speaking, three digital inputs and one digital output are connected to the digital input/output module. (Remote control x 1 (DI) & Run x 1 (DI) & Trip x 1 (DI) & Start x 1 (DO))

4. A level meter

The level meter is installed in the underground pool, and the signal contact is connected to the analog input module. (0~10V correspond to 0~10M. 0 V represents that the water is 0.0 meters deep, and 10 V represents that the water is 10.0 meters deep.)

The control condition of the pump:

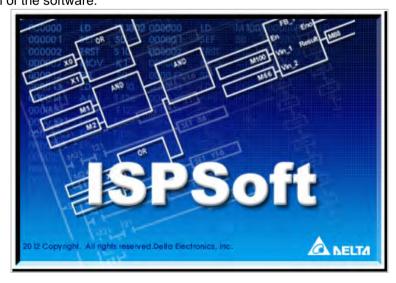
- 1. Start: If the water level inside the water tower is low and that inside the underground pool is not low, the pump will refill the water tower.
- 2. Stop: If the water level inside the water tower is high, or if the water level inside the underground pool is low, the pump stops running.

2.5 Creating Projects

After users install the hardware and understand the control logic in the example, they can write the program.

Step 1: Open ISPSoft (Start→Programs→ Delta Industrial Automation→PLC→ISPSoftx.xx→ISPSoftx.xx)

The start screen of the software:







Entering the main screen of the software:

🕆 Delta ISPSoft	
File Edit View Grammle PLC Tools Window Help	-
●●【X目目の 単語: 目・13合法+を予算●■	1 = 0 3 4
Insert	Offline USB

Step 2: Click is to create a project. The example is related to the water supply, and therefore the project name is SPW. The PLC type is AHCPU530-EN, and the file path is the default path. Finally, click **OK**.

Create a New Proj	ect			X		
Project Name	SPW	PLC Type AHCPU530-EN				
Drive/Path	C:\Program Files\Delta Industrial Automation\ISPSoft 2.00\Project					
				Browser		
Properties			OK	Cancel		

Next, the environment of the project is displayed, and the project name SPW appears in the upper left corner.

Y SPW - Delta ISPSoft File <u>Stan View C</u> ompile <u>P</u> LC <u>T</u> ools <u>Window</u>]	Eelp
	2462
Preject 0 ×	
🖻 🥂 Project [C:\Program Files\Delta Industri 🌮 Device Comment & Used Device	
A HWCONFIG	
CARD Utility	
AHCPU530-EN (SPW)	
Motion Module	
Global Symbols	
Programs	
Function Blocks Provide Table	
🕬 🔮 Device Monitor Table	
8 (19 (19 (19 (19 (19 (19 (19 (19 (19 (19	
Project	
Compile Message	4 ×
1	
Compile Message Find Result	
Insert	0/262128 Steps Offline USB_Driver, [US

The operation interface of the software:

• Function area: The main functions of the software are in this area. Many functions which are frequently used are placed on the toolbar, and other functions are placed on the menus.



2 Project management area: The framework of the project is displayed in this area. Users can understand the relation among the objects on the basis of the tree structure. The efficiency in managing the project is also increased.

B Work area: The editing work is in this area.

- Output area: The information resulting from the execution of the function is displayed in this area.
- **S** Status area: The project and the communication information are displayed in this area.

2.6 Hardware Configuration

After the project is created, users can configure the hardware. Suppose the configuration is as follows.

- Digital input module 16AM10N-5A/16AM30N-5A (16 inputs)→X0.0~X0.15
- Digital output module 16AN01R-5A/16AN01T-5A/16AN01P-5A/16AN01S-5A (16 outputs) →Y0.0 ~ Y0.15
- Four-channel analog input module AH06XA-5A→D0~D7
- Two-channel analog output module AH06XA-5A→D100~D103
- The water level inside the underground pool is low. \rightarrow X0.0
- The water level inside the water tower is low. \rightarrow X0.2
- The water level inside the water tower is high. \rightarrow X0.3
- Remote control of the pump \rightarrow X0.5
- The pump runs. \rightarrow X0.6
- The pump trips. \rightarrow X0.7

Project

- The pump starts. \rightarrow Y0.0
- Water level inside the underground pool \rightarrow D0

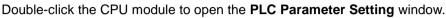
With the information above, users can configure the hardware practically. Double-click A HWCONFIG in the window at the left side of the main screen of the software to open the configuration window.

	🖀 SPV	V - HWCONFIG					
Projeci 🗸 🖉	File	Edit Option Help	í.				
NWCONFIG		X J D =	8	💀 🗊 🕱			
Project [C:\Program Files\Delta for Device Comment & Used	Product	List		and the second s			
CARD Utility CARD Utility AHCPU530-EN (SF Motion Module Tasks Global Symbols Frograms Frograms Function Blocks Device Monitor Table	+ D + A + Te + Te	tension Rack igital I/O Module alog I/O Module emperature Module lotion Control Mod stivork Module ation			vo vo vo 0 1 2 3	VO VO VO VO 4 5 6 7	
i APIs	Informal	tion: Rack 1		×.			
	Slot	Label	Firm	Descrption	Input Device Range	Output Device Range	Comment
Project		AHPS05-5A	÷	AH Power Supply Module	the state of the s	None	
	-	AHCPU530-EN	1.00	Basic CPU module building	None	None	
	0		_				
	1	1					
	2	-					
	3		_				
	4						
	5	2					
	6						
	7						
				1-1	Offline USB_Dri	ver, [USB: COM3]	



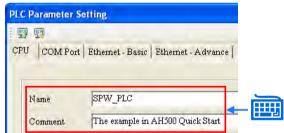
Users can configure the hardware according to the information above. After users type "SPW PLC Control Station", the project can be shared.

-							1		
0	OS OE OB	1/0	1/0	1/0	1/0	1/0	1/0	1/0	10
PS	CPU	0	1	2	3	4	б	6	7



1.0 0.001 000	t Ethernet - Basic Ether			
Name	SPW			
Comment				_

Type "SPW PLC" in the **Name** box, and then type "The example in AH500 Quick Start" in the **Comment** box. Finally, click **OK**, and close the window.



User can begin to place the modules. First, find the first module which is needed, that is, AH16AM10N-5A, in the product list. Then, drag the module to I/O 0 and drop it.



-	V - HWCONFIG							
<u>File</u>	Edit Option Help							
	X D I	8 9	9 🗊 🅱					
Product	t List		SPW PLC Contro	ol Station				
	rtension Rack igital I/O Module AH16AM10N-51 AH32AM10N-55 AH64AM10N-50	3	1 PS OPU	1 2 3		1/0 1/ 6 1	07	
Specific 24 VDC block	AH16AM30N-5/ ation C, 5mA, 16 inputs, t							
24 VDC block	ation							
24 VDC block	ation C, 5mA, 16 inputs, t			Input Device	Output Devic	ze .,.	Comment	-
24 VDC block	ation C, 5mA, 16 inputs, t tion: Rack 1	erminal		Input Device None	Output Devic None	2ê	Comment	
24 VDC block	ation C, 5mA, 16 inputs, t tion: Rack 1 Label	erminal	Descrption	None	The second of the second state	36	Comment	
24 VDC block Informal Slot -	ation C, 5mA, 16 inputs, t tion: Rack 1 Label AHPS05-5A	Firm - 1.00	Descrption AH Power Supply Module	None	None	3e	Comment	
24 VDC block Informal Slot -	ation C, 5mA, 16 inputs, t tion: Rack 1 Label AHPS05-5A AHCPU530-EN	Firm - 1.00	Descrption AH Power Supply Module Basic CPU module building	None None	None	2e \	Comment	
24 VDC block	ation C, 5mA, 16 inputs, t tion: Rack 1 Label AHPS05-5A AHCPU530-EN	Firm - 1.00	Descrption AH Power Supply Module Basic CPU module building	None None	None	ze	Comment	

After the module is placed in the appropriate position, the system automatically distributes the addresses to the module. The default addresses are X0.0~X0.15. They exactly meet the need, and therefore they do not need to be modified. If they do not meet the need, users can click the column to modify the addresses.

	AH64AM10N-50 AH16AM30N-57		◄	Manual Assign	ment	X	
Specific 24 VD0	ation C, 5mA, 16 inputs, t	erminal		Input Device	Range	_	
block	,,,.			Device	x	_	
Informal	ion: Rack 1			Number	0	OK	
Slot	Label	Firm	Des	Length	ĭ	Cancel	Comment
-	AHPS05-5A	-	AH Power S			Cancel	
-	AHCPU530-EN	1.00	Basic CPU n	ionare comonte in	0110	UTOILE .	
0	AH16AM10N-5A	-	16 x DI, 24 VI	DC X	0.0 ~ X0.1.	•	
1							
2				1	7	1 D	
3				<u> </u>			
				Offli	ne USB	Driver, [USB: COM3]	

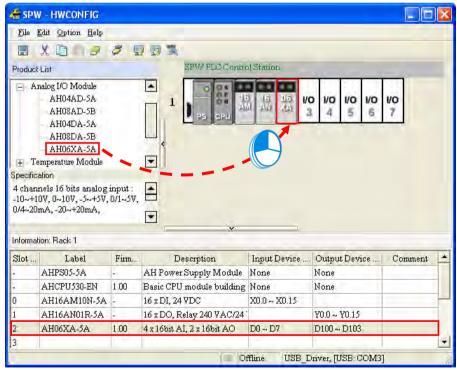




an ar a	V - HWCONFIG							
File	<u>Edit Option H</u> elp							
	XDJ	8 9	7 D 🕱					
Product	f List		SPW PLC Contro	ol Station				
-	xtension Rack igital I/O Module AH16AM10N-54 AH32AM10N-51 AH64AM10N-50 AH16AM30N-54 AH16AM30N-54	B C A			0 1/0 1/0 3 4 5	1/0 6	1/0 7	
240 V.A	AH16AN01T-5A AH16AN01P-5A alion AC/24 VDC, 2A, 16 d terminal block	2						
240 VA Relay,	AH16AN01P-5A ation AC/24 VDC, 2A, 16 (2						
240 V.A Relay, Informa	AH16AN01P-5A alion AC/24 VDC, 2A, 16 o terminal block tion: Rack 1	2	×	Input Device	Output Devi	ice]	Comment	4
Relay,	AH16AN01P-5A alion AC/24 VDC, 2A, 16 o terminal block tion: Rack 1	outputs,	×	Input Device None	Output Devi None	ice	Comment	
240 V.A Relay, Informa	AH16AN01P-5A alion AC/24 VDC, 2A, 16 of terminal block tion: Rack 1 Label	outputs,	Descrption	None	and the second second	ice	Comment	
240 V.A Relay, Informal Slot -	AH16AN01P-5A ation AC/24 VDC, 2A, 16 of terminal block tion: Rack 1 Label AHPS05-5A	outputs, Firm - 1.00	Descrption AH Power Supply Module	None	None	ice	Comment	
240 VA Relay, Informal Slot - -	AH16AN01P-5A ation AC/24 VDC, 2A, 16 of terminal block tion: Rack 1 Label AHPS05-5A AHCPU330-EN	outputs, Firm - 1.00	Descrption AH Power Supply Module Basic CPU module building	None None XD.0 ~ XD.15	None		Comment	
240 VA Relay, Informa	AH16AN01P-5A ation AC/24 VDC, 2A, 16 of terminal block tion: Rack 1 Label AHPS05-5A AHCPU330-EN AH16AM10N-5A	outputs, Firm - 1.00	Descrption AH Power Supply Module Basic CPU module building 16 x DI, 24 VDC	None None XD.0 ~ XD.15	None None		Comment	

Users can drag AH16AN01R-5A to I/O 1 and drop it. The addresses are Y0.0~Y0.15.

Users can drag AH06XA-5A to I/O 2 and drop it. The input device range is D0~D7, and the output device range is D100~D103. (The default output device range is D8~D11. Please remember to modify it.)



In addition to specifying the input device range and the output device range, users also have to specify the version of the firmware for the analog input/output module. Please select the version of the firmware according to the version of the firmware in the module.





Slot	Label	Firmware Version	Descrption	Input Device	Output Device	Comment
-	AHPS05-5A	-	AH Power Supply Module	None	None	
-	AHCPU530-EN	1.00	Basic CPU module building	None	None	
0	AH16AM10N-5A	-	16 x DI, 24 VDC	X0.0 ~ X0.15		
1	AH16AN01R-5A	-	16 x DO, Relay 240 VAC/24		Y0.0 ~ Y0.15	
2	AH06XA-5A	1.00 💌	4 x 16bit AI, 2 x 16bit AO	D0 ~ D7	D100~D103	
3		0.38				
4		0.41				
5		1.00				

In order to complete the basic setting, users need to set the relation between the signals and the conversion values for the analog module. Double-click the module to open the **Parameter Setting** window.

Parameter Setting		
AH06X4-5A Channel Mode setting Channel Mode setting Channel Calibration Channel Calibration Channel Scale Range OutPut Hold Channel Alarm Interrupt Enable Interrupt Inable Warming LED Conversion Flags(Read only)	AH06XA-5A MDS Information Normal Exchange Area Module Name AH06XA-5A MDS Version 1.00.00 MDS Build Date 2012/07/14	
		Import File Export File
Default	ОК	Cancel

The voltages of the signals are 0 V~10 V.

Parameter Setting =- AH06XA-5A	C	hannel Mode setting			_	
Channel Mode setting - CH0 [~] CH3 Input Average	\mathcal{L}	Description	Address	Monitor	Initial	
	1	CH0 Input mode setting			0V~10V	-
- Channel Scale Range - OutPut Hold		CH1 Input mode setting			Disable	•
Channel Alarm		CH2 Input mode setting			Disable	•
Interrupt Enable		CH3 Input mode setting			Disable	•
- Interrupt number		CH0 Output mode setting			Disable	•
Warming LED Conversion Flags(Read only)		CH1 Output mode setting			Disable	•

The conversion values are 0.0 and 10.0. Click OK.

AH06XA-5A	Cł	annel Scale Range			
Channel Mode setting CH0~CH3 Input Average Time		Description	Address	Monitor	Initial
Channel Calibration	•	CHO Input Scale LSP			0.0
Channel Scale Range		CH1 Input Scale LSP			0.000000
Channel Alarm	1	CH2 Input Scale LSP			0.000000
- Interrupt Enable	1	CH3 Input Scale LSP			0.000000
- Interrupt number		CH0 Output Scale LSP			0.000000
		CH1 Output Scale LSP			0.000000
Conversion Hags(Read only)		CH0 Input Scale HSP			10

After the hardware configuration is complete, please save the file and exit.



	/ - HWCONFIG						-
File I	<u>Edit</u> Option <u>H</u> elp						
	X _ 1 = 4	5 💀 💀 🕱					
Product	List	SF	W FLC Control Station				
+ A1 + Te + M	gital Module valog I/O Module mperature Module otion Control Module		PS CPU	1/0 1/0 3 4 5	1/0 1/0 6 7		
⊕ Ne Specifica	stwork Module						
Specifica							
Specifica	ation		→ Descrption	Input Device	Output Device	Comment	
Specifica Informat	ation ion: Rack 1		Descrption	Input Device None	Output Device None	Comment	
Specifica Informat	ation ion: Rack 1 Label		Descrption	None		Comment	
Specifica Informat Slot	ation ion: Rack 1 Label AHPS05-5A	Firmware Version	Descrption AH Power Supply Module	None	None	Comment	
Specifica Informat	ation ion: Rack 1 Label AHPS05-5A AHCPU530-EN	Firmware Version	Descrption AH Power Supply Module Basic CPU module building	None None	None	Comment	
Specifica Informat Slot	ion: Rack 1 Label AHPS05-5A AHCPU530-EN AH16AM10N-5A	Firmware Version	Description AH Power Supply Module Basic CPU module building 16 x DI, 24 VDC	None None	None None	Comment	

2.7 Creating Global Symbols

In order to make the program more readable and the connection with the SCADA system more convenient, the I/O addresses are accompanied with the global symbols. Users can use the symbols when they write the program. The global symbol table also supports import and export. As to the system equipped with many inputs and outputs, users can use Microsoft Excel to make the editing more convenient.

The global symbols created are as follows.

Global symbol table						
Bit (for the I/O on the PLC)						
Address	Identifier	Data type				
X0.0	Tank_B1F_LSW	BOOL				
X0.2	Tank_RF_LSW	BOOL				
X0.3	Tank_RF_HSW	BOOL				
X0.5	SPP01_Remote	BOOL				
X0.6	SPP01_Run	BOOL				
X0.7	SPP01_Trip	BOOL				
Y0.0	SPP01_Start	BOOL				
D0	Tank_B1F_LT	REAL				
Bit (for the SCADA system)						
MO	SPP01_Auto	BOOL				
M1	SPP01_Man_SW	BOOL				

With the information above, users can create the global symbols. Double-click global Symbols in the window at the left side of the main screen of the software to open the **Global Symbols** window.





		Gk	bal Symbols		
Declaration Type Ide	entifiers	Address	Туре	Initial Value	Identifier Comment.

Double-click the blank to open the **Add Symbol** window. Type "X0.0" in the **Address** box. The default values in the **Type...** box, the **Initial** box, and the **Comment...** box remain unchanged. Click **OK** to complete the typing.

Add Symbol				×
Identifier	Address	Туре	Initial	Comment
Tank_B1F_LSW	X0.0	BOOL	•••	Tank B1F Level Switch 🔻
DeclaraVAR	▼	.to-close Dialog		Tank B1F Level Switch - Low
				OK Cancel

Users can see a new piece of data.

Global Symbols						
	Declaration Type	Identifiers	Address	Type	Initial Value	Identifier Comment
Þ	VAR	Tank B1F LSW	X0.0	BOOL	N/A	Tank B1F Level Switch - Low

Users can create the global symbols for the data in the table above in the same way. (For the analog module, the data type is a real floating-point number. Therefore, the symbol occupies two data registers, and the address in the **Address** box is the initial address.)

Global Symbols						
Global Symbols						
Declaration Type	Identifiers	Address	Туре	Initial Value	Identifier Comment	
VAR	Tank_B1F_LSW	X0.0	BOOL	N/A	Tank B1F Level Switch - Low	
VAR	Tank_RF_LSW	X0.2	BOOL	N/A	Tank RF Level Switch - Low	
VAR	Tank_RF_HSW	X0.3	BOOL	N/A	Tank RF Level Switch - High	
VAR	SPP01_Remote	X0.5	BOOL	N/A	Supply Water Pump - SPP01 Remote	
VAR	SPP01_Run	X0.6	BOOL	N/A	Supply Water Pump - SPP01 Run	
VAR	SPP01_Trip	X0.7	BOOL	N/A	Supply Water Pump - SPP01 Trip	
VAR	SPP01_Start	Y0.0	BOOL	N/A	Supply Water Pump - SPP01 Start	
VAR	Tank_B1F_LT	D0	REAL	N/A	Tank B1F Level Meter	
VAR	SPP01_Auto	M0	BOOL	N/A	Supply Water Pump - SPP01 Auto Mode	
VAR	SPP01_Man_SW	M1	BOOL	N/A	Supply Water Pump - SPP01 Manual Command	

2.8 Creating Function Blocks

The procedure in this example is to create a function block first. Users also can create the main program first. There is no absolute relation between the function block and the main program. They are actually executed alternately. However, users are recommended to create a function first when the function is used repeatedly.

The control relation among the underground pool, the water tower, and the pump can be represented by a function block. There are usually two water systems in a multi-storey building. If users create the function blocks, they only need to change the variables of the input pins and those of the output pins to complete the second water system.



Users can create a function block which contains the relation among the underground pool, the water tower, and the pump. Right-click 💾 Function Blocks in the window at the left side of the main screen of the software to add a new POU.

Projeci		ų
 NWCONFIG Project [C:\Program Files\Delt Device Comment & Use HWCONFIG CARD Utility AHCPU530-EN (SPW) Motion Module Tasks Global Symbols Programs 	d Device	PSoft 2.000Project/SPW.isp]
Function Blocks E Device Monitor Table	POU	Ngw
+ M APIs	Action/Transform	V Delate
	Devite Monitor	2 6000 3
	Motion Module	F Pásie
Project	Tas) Property	Properties

Type "FB_SPP_Sys" in the **POU Name** box, and then type "Supply Water Pump Control Function" in the **POU Comment** box. Finally, click **OK**.

	Create Function Block	
1	POU Name FB_SPP_Sys	EN/ENO-
	Protection (4~12 Characters)	Language
	Enter Password Confirmation	Ladder Diagram (LD) Sequential Function Chart (SFC) Function Block Diagram (FBD) Instruction List (IL) Structure Text (ST)
	Supply Water Pump Control Fun	ction
		2
	~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~	OK Cancel

Users can see the **FB_SPP_Sys** window on the main screen.

🚏 SPW - Delta ISPSoft	
File Ball View Compile PLC Too	ols <u>W</u> indow <u>H</u> elp
□ ☞ ■ ❹ 🔲 = 🧇 🔾 🤤	이 명 및 및 및 2 월 일 및 명 및 3 일 일 권 이 같은 것 이 같이
100XD0011113	QQ
Project 🐺 🤅	(FB_SPP_Sys)
🔂 Tasks 💼 Global Symbols	Local Symbols
Programs	Declaration Type Identifiers Address Type Initial Value Identifier Comment
Fluction Blocks	×
🔮 Device Monitor Table	Network 1
< >	
Project	
Insert Network: 1	0/262128 Steps USB_Driver, [USB: COM3]

Users need to create the local symbols. In order to make the use of the function block more convenient, the system automatically distributes the addresses to the module, and users are not





allowed to type the addresses by themselves. Users surely can use the addresses and the global symbols in the internal program. However, the use of the addresses or the uses of the global symbols will decrease the convenience of using the function block. (If a local symbol is the same as a global symbol, the local symbol used in the function block has high priority.) The local symbols created are as follows.

Declaration type	Identifier	Data type
VAR_INPUT	Tank_B_LSW	BOOL
VAR_INPUT	Tank_R_LSW	BOOL
VAR_INPUT	Tank_R_HSW	BOOL
VAR_INPUT	Pump_Remote	BOOL
VAR_INPUT	Pump_Run	BOOL
VAR_INPUT	Pump_Trip	BOOL
VAR_IN_OUT	Pump_Auto	BOOL
VAR_IN_OUT	Pump_Man_SW	BOOL
VAR_OUTPUT	Pump_Start	BOOL
VAR	Pump_Out	BOOL

#### VAR_INPUT

When the program is executed, the value of the external variable is brought into the internal variable. If the value of the corresponding internal variable is altered, it is not transmitted to the external variable. VAR_INPUT is often used if the value of the external variable should not be modified. Most of inputs in this example are digital inputs, and these inputs should not be modified. The modification of the values of these variables affects the execution of the program or the use of the function block. In order to prevent the values of these variables from being modified in the program, the declaration type should be VAR_INPUT.

#### VAR_IN_OUT

When the program is executed, the value of the external variable is brought into the internal variable. After the program comes to an end, the value is transmitted to the external variable. VAR_IN_OUT is often used if the value of the variable should be modified. Generally speaking, Pump_Auto and Pump_Man_SW in this example are used in the SCADA system to set the control mode of the pump. It seems that VAR_INPUT meets the need. However, users need to switch the control mode of the pump from the automatic mode to the manual mode to stop the command from being outputted when the pump trips. Therefore, the declaration type for these two variables should be VAR_IN_OUT.

#### VAR_OUTPUT

When the program is executed, the value of the external variable is not brought into the internal variable, but the value memorized before is used instead. After the program comes to an end, the value is transmitted to the external variable. Generally speaking, the variable appears at the output of the instruction.

#### VAR

When the program is executed, VAR is regarded as an internal variable, and the value memorized before is used. Generally speaking, the variable is used as a register when it is used in the program.

If the same variable (function block type) is assigned to the function blocks which are called many times in the program, the initial value of VAR_OUTPUT and that of VAR are not necessarily the same as those used last time.

Users can create the local symbols as follows.



			Local Symbols		
Declaration Type	Identifiers	Address	Туре	Initial Value	Identifier Comment
VAR_INPUT	Tank_B_LSW	N/A [Auto]	BOOL	N/A	Tank BF Level Switch - Low
VAR_INPUT	Tank_R_LSW	N/A [Auto]	BOOL	N/A	Tank RF Level Switch - Low
VAR_INPUT	Tank_R_HSW	N/A [Auto]	BOOL	N/A	Tank RF Level Switch - High
VAR_INPUT	Pump_Remote	N/A [Auto]	BOOL	N/A	Pump - Remote
VAR_INPUT	Pump_Run	N/A [Auto]	BOOL	N/A	Pump - Run
VAR_INPUT	Pump_Trip	N/A [Auto]	BOOL	N/A	Pump - Trip
VAR_IN_OUT	Pump_Auto	N/A [Auto]	BOOL	N/A	Pump - Auto
VAR_IN_OUT	Pump_Man_SW	N/A [Auto]	BOOL	N/A	Pump - Manual Switch
VAR_OUTPUT	Pump_Start	N/A [Auto]	BOOL	N/A	Pump - Start
VAR	Pump_Out	N/A [Auto]	BOOL	N/A	Pump - Out

Users can begin to write the program in the function block. In order to improve the convenience of scanning the program, users are recommended to write the comments. If users want to write the network comments, they have to click **r**.

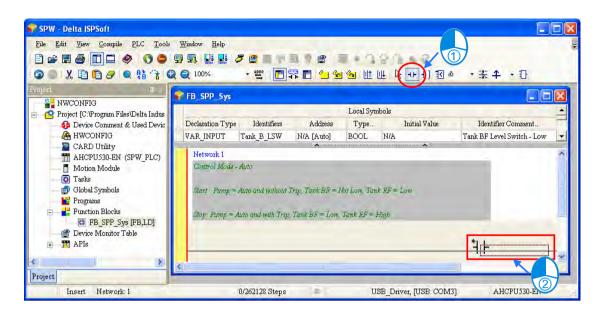
) ☞ # 6    □				100 (U) 100 (U)	Ŀ [k] ++ {] 13 ∞	・玉牛・日
Project [C:\Program Files\Delta Ind:	FB_SPP_Sys					
Device Comment & Used Dev	1			Local Sym	ibols	
A HWCONFIG	Declaration Type	Identifiers	Address	Type	Initial Value	Identifier Comment
CARD Utility	VAR INPUT	Tank B LSW	N/A [Auto]	BOOL	N/A	Tank BF Level Switch - Low
AHCPU530-EN (SPW_PLC)	VAR INPUT	Tank R LSW	N/A [Auto]	BOOL	N/A	Tank RF Level Switch - Low
🔤 📕 Motion Module					*****	
💽 Tasks	Network 1					
🗐 Global Symbols	1					
Programs						
E Function Blocks						
FB_SPP_Sys [FB,LD]     Device Monitor Table						
E Device Monitor Lable						

Type the following description as the comment on network 1. If users want to start a new line of text at a specific point, they can press Alt+Enter on the keyboard.

Network 1	1	
Control Mode - Auto		
Start : Pump = Auto and without Trip, Tank BF = Not Low, Tank RF = Low		
Stop: Pump = Auto and with Trip, Tank BF = Low, Tank RF = High		
	-	
		-

Users can begin to edit the program code. The programming language used here is the ladder diagram. Please click  $\neg$ , and then move the mouse to the red frame. If the cursor becomes  $\neg$ , users can click the left mouse button.





Click ???, and type "Pump_Remote". When "Pump_Remote" is typed, the drop-down list appears. Users can select the item directly, or type the words by themselves. After "Pump_Remote" is typed, press the enter key.

(If the address appears, users can click exit to switch the mode. In either mode, users can use the words or the addresses when they write the program.)

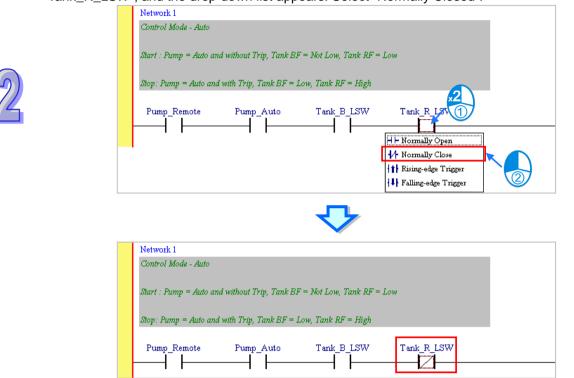
Network 1
Control Mode - Auto
Start : Fump = Auto and without Trip, Tank BF = Not Low, Tank RF = Low Stop: Fump = Auto and with Trip, Tank BF = Low, Tank RF = High
<₽
Network 1
Control Mode - Auto
Start : Pump = Auto and without Trip, Tank BF = Not Low, Tank RF = Low
Stop: Pump = Auto and with Trip, Tank BF = Low, Tank RF = High
Pump_Remote

Users can write the following program in the same way.

01 0	
Network 1	
Control Mode - Auto	
Start : Pump = Auto and without Trip, Tank BF = Not Low, Tank RF = Low	
Stop: Pump = Auto and with Trip, Tank BF = Low, Tank RF = High	
Pump Remote Pump Auto Tank B LSW Tank R LSW	



To meet the condition that there is water in the underground pool and no water in the water tower, the state of Tank_R_LSW should be OFF. Users can double-click the contact marked "Tank_R_LSW", and the drop-down list appears. Select "Normally Closed".

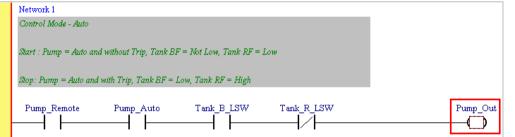


Please click (), and then move the mouse to the red frame.

Project       U         Project (C'Arogram Files/Delta Indus         Device Comment & Used Devic         HWCONFIG         CARD Utility         AHCPU530-EN (SPW_PLC)         Motion Module         Tasks         Global Synbols         Programs         E Function Blocks         FB_SPP_Sys [FB,LD]         Device Monitor Table         APIs	FB_SPP_Sys       Local Symbols         Declaration Type       Identifiers       Address       Type       Initial Value       Identifier Comment         VAR_INPUT       Tank B_LSW       N/A [Auto]       BOOL       N/A       Tank BF Level Switch - Low       Image: Common Symplement and the comment and the comment and the common symplement an
Insert Network: 1	0/262128 Steps USB_Driver, [USB: COM3] AHCPU530-EN



Click ???, and type "Pump_Out". Users can double-click the coil marked "Pump_Out", and the drop-down list appears. Select "Set".



Please click 🛄 , to add a new network.

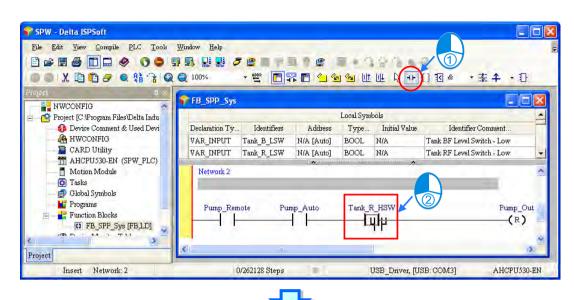
ኛ SPW - Delta ISPSoft							
File Edit View Compile PLC Tools	Window Help	100					
	😨 🖳 😫 🛃 🌽	7 🙋 🔲 🔍	1 9 🔮 1	F + 13	$\sim$		
0 0 X 0 0 0 0 1 7 0	2 2 100%	+ 800R 10 9	R 🗖 🖕 🐿	3 11	14 13 ++ {]	13 ◎ • 玉 + • 日	
Project 🛛 🗘 🛪	FB_SPP_Sys					-	
WCONFIG	11.			Local Syn	bols		-
Device Comment & Used Devic	Declaration Type	Identifiers	Address	Type	Initial Value	Identifier Comment	
A HWCONFIG	VAR_INPUT	Tank_B_LSW	N/A [Auto]	BOOL	N/A	Tank BF Level Switch - Low	
CARD Utility	VAR_INPUT	Tank_R_LSW	N/A [Auto]	BOOL	N/A	Tank RF Level Switch - Low	+
Motion Module Tasks Golobal Symbols Frograms Device Monitor Table Task Tasks Device Monitor Table Table Tasks		Auto and without Auto and with Trip	. Tank BF = Low,		Hīgh	: R LSW	*

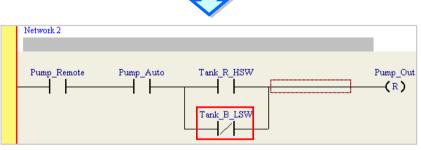
Users can write the following program in the same way.

Network 2			
Pump_Remote	Pump_Auto	Tank R HSW	Pump_Out
	Î ¯		R

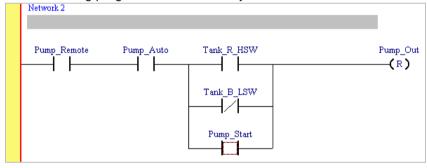
To meet the condition that there is no water in the underground pool, or the condition that the pump trips, users need to click  $\neg$ , and move the mouse to the position under a contact. When  $\neg$   $\mu$  appears, users can click the left mouse button. Then, users need to click ???, and type "Tank_B_LSW". Finally, users can double-click the coil marked "Tank_B_LSW". When the drop-down list appears, select "Set".







Users can write the following program in the same way.







Network 1 Control Mode - Auto Start : Pump = Auto and without Trip, Tank BF = Not Low, Tank RF = Low Stop: Pump = Auto and with Trip, Tank BF = Low, Tank RF = High Pump_Auto Pump_Out Pump Remote Tank B LSW Tank_R_LSW ┢ ┥┝ -1∕-1--( ) 1 Network 2 Pump_Out Pump_Auto Tank R HSW Pump_Remote -(R) ┟  $\mathbf{F}$ Tank B LSW ┨╱┠ Pump_Start H Network 3 Control - Manual Start : Pump = Manual and without Trip, Manual SW = ON Stop: Pump = Manual and with Trip, Manual SW = OFF Pump_Man_SW Pump_Out Pump_Remote Pump_Auto -(s) ┢ Network 4 Pump Remote Pump Man SW Pump Out Pump Auto ł ŧ∕ŀ ł∕ŀ (R) Pump_Trip ┨╶┠ Network 5 Control - Pump Trip will change to manual mode and stop the pump Pump_Auto Pump_Remote Pump_Trip (R) ł ł Pump_Man_SW -(R) Network 6 Pump Command Out Pump_Remote Pump_Out Pump_Start ┢ () -H

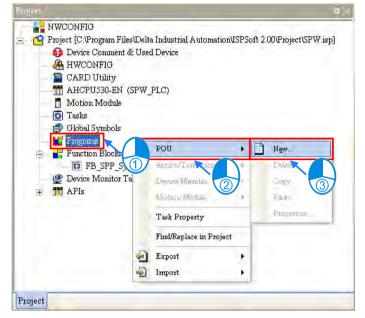
So far the automatic program control is complete. Please write the following program in the same way.

Finally, users need to save the file, and the function block is created.



## 2.9 Creating Main Programs

After the function block is created, users can create the main program. Right-click **Frograms** in the window at the left side of the main screen of the software to add a new POU.



Type "Prog_Main" in the **POU Name** box, and then type "Main program" in the **POU Comment** box. Finally, click **OK**.

Create Program	N 1997
POU Name Prog_Main Active Protection (4~12 Characters) Due Due 1	Task Cyclic (0) Language • Ladder Diagram (LD)
Enter Password Confirmation	<ul> <li>Sequential Function Chart (SFC)</li> <li>Function Block Diagram (FBD)</li> <li>Instruction List (IL)</li> <li>Structure Text (ST)</li> </ul>
Main Program	
	OK Cancel





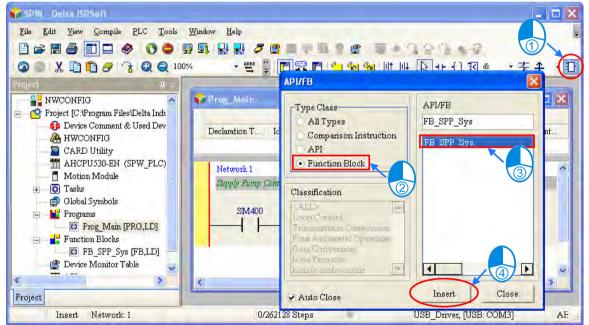
Users can see the **Prog_Main** window on the main screen. 🜍 SPW - Delta ISPSoft File Ball View Compile PLC Tools Window Help B 🖨 🖩 🖉 🗖 🗖 🤣 🔕 🗣 🖳 🖳 🦉 🖉 🖷 🖷 🗐 🖉 🖉 👘 🖓 🖄 🖓 🖓 👘 🖓 +主牛 = 1 OOXDOF NH 3 QQ III AHCPU530-EN (SPW_PLC) Prog_Main Local Symbols Tasks + Declaration Type Identifiers Type. Initial Value Identifier Comment Address Diobal Symbols E Program È 🚯 Prog_Main [PRG,LD] Network 1 Function Blocks FB_SPP_Sys [FB,LD] Provice Monitor Table TAPIs T+ 51 Project Insert Network: 1 0/262128 Steps USB_Driver, [USB: COM3] AHCPU530-EN

2

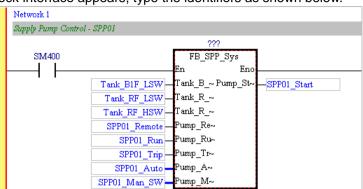
The difference between the function block and the main program is that the function block has to be called before it is executed while the main program is executed directly. The creation of the local symbols for the main program is omitted in this example. Please write the following program by means of the skills learned previously.

Network 1
Supply Pump Control - SPP01
SM400

Users can prepare to call the function block. First, click 1 to open the **API/FB** window. Then, select **Function Block** in the **Type Class** box, and select "FB_SPP_Sys" in the **API/FB** box. Finally, click **Insert**.

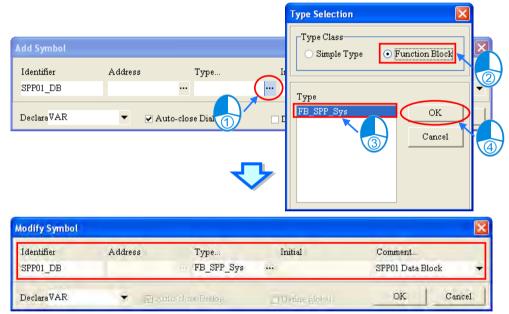






After the function block interface appears, type the identifiers as shown below.

Users need to create a data block for the function block. The data block can be created as a global symbol or a local symbol, but it is created as a local symbol in the main program here. Notice that users need to select **Function Block** in the **Type Class** box, and select "FB_SPP_Sys" in the **Type** box. Please type "SPP01_DB" in the **Identifier** box, and type "SPP01 Data Block" in the **Comment...** box, as show below.



After the local symbol is created, the identifier can be given to the function block. (The data type should be the same with the name of the function block.)

Network 1			
Supply Pump Control -	SPP01		
		SPP01_DB	_
SM400		FB_SPP_Sys	
		En Eno	
	Tank_B1F_LSW-	Tank_B_~ Pump_St~	-SPP01_Start
	Tank_RF_LSW-	Tank_R_~	
	Tank_RF_HSW-	Tank_R_~	
	SPP01_Remote	Pump_Re~	
	SPP01_Run	Pump_Ru~	
	SPP01_Trip	Pump_Tr~	
	SPP01_Auto	Pump_A~	
	SPP01_Man_SW	Pump_M~	

After the file is saved, the writing of the program is complete.

Users can click 🔛 to check the syntax of the current program, and click 🔜 to compile the project. The compiling of the project is different from the checking of the syntax in that the former involves

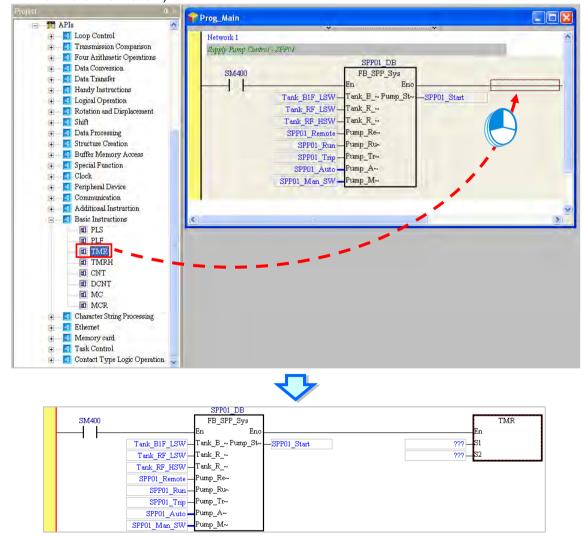




not only the function of checking the syntax, but also the function of compiling all programs and the contents of the function block.



Note: In order to help users understand the control program, the example provided here is simple. The actual control program is much more complex because the functions related to judging the start failure and the conversion from the local control to the remote control have to be taken into account. Users need to use the applied instructions in the window at the left side of the main screen to write a program for these functions. (Please refer to ISPSoft User Manual for more information.)



If users need to create the second system, they only need to call "FB_SPP_Sys" again, and type the identifier. Please notice that the same data block can not be used in the two systems unless user



consider that the value of VAR_OUTPUT and that of VAR of in the first system does not affect those in the second system. Otherwise, please create a new identifier for the second system, as shown below.

		I	.ocal Symbols		
Declaration Type	Identifiers	Address	Type	Initial Value	Identifier Comment
/AR	SPP01 DB	N/A [Auto]	FB_SPP_Sys	N/A	SPP01 Data Block
/AR	SPP02_DB	N/A [Auto]	FB_SPP_Sys	N/A	SPP02 Data Block
Network 1		*		····· A	
Supply Pump Co.	nfrol (PPD)				
sappy ramp ()	101 01 - 102 2 02		SPP01 DB		
SM400			B SPP Sys		
F		En	Eno		
	Tank Bi	IF LSW Tank	_B_~ Pump_St~		
		RF LSW Tank	_R_~		
	Tank_R	F_HSWTank	_R_~		
	SPP01	Remote Pump	_Re~		
	SPH	P01_Run Pump	_Ru~		
		P01_Trip Pump	-		
		01_Auto Pump			
	SPP01_N	lan_SW Pump	_M~		
Network 2					
Supply Pump Co	ntrol - SPP02				
<b>273 A 100</b>			SPP02_DB	1	
SM400		En F	B_SPP_Sys Eno		
	Tank02 Bi		B_~ Pump_St~		
	Tank02_B	_		orroz_start	
	Tank02_F				
		Remote Pump			
		P02 Run Pump	-		
	SPE	UZ Imp - um			
		02_1 np =1 ump 02_Auto = Pump	-		





## Chapter 3 Downloading and Monitoring the Program

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3.2.3	Downloading the Program	
3.3 Mo	onitoring and Debugging the Program	3-9
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After the writing of the program is complete, users can prepare to download the program. In order to increase the functions and the convenience, the latest software package is divided into COMMGR and ISPSoft. In addition to preparing the hardware, supplying power to the CPU module, and installing the USB driver, users need to set the communication software to communicate with the CPU module.

If the computer is not connected to the USB port on the CPU module, please connect the CPU module to the computer with an USB cable. The following window will appear.

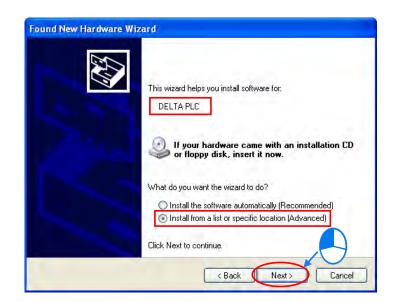


#### Please complete the setting according to the steps below.





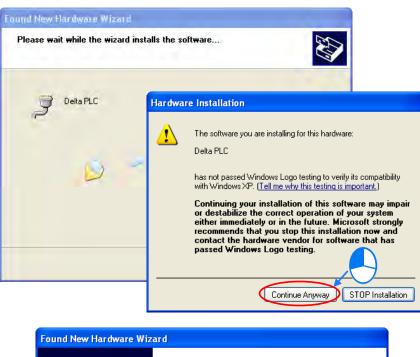




The path C:\Program Files\Delta Industrial Automation\ISPSoftx.xx\drivers\Delta_PLC_USB_Driver shown in the picture below is the folder where the software is installed. If the path is modified, please select the folder where the software will be installed.

Found New Hardware Wizard
Please choose your search and installation options.
Search for the best driver in these locations. Use the check boxes below to limit or expand the default search, which includes local paths and removable media. The best driver found will be installed.
Search removable media (floppy, CD-ROM)  Include this location in the search:  C:\Program Files\Delta Industrial Automation\ISPSoft  Browse Don't search I will choose the driver to install
Choose this option to select the device driver from a list. Windows does not guarantee that the driver you choose will be the best match for your hardware.
< Back Next > Cancel









After the software is installed, users can see the USB driver in the **Device Manager** window. (The COM number of the USB may vary from computer to computer.)





## 3.1 Setting COMMGR

## 3.1.1 Enabling COMMGR

#### 3.1.2 Opening the COMMGR Window

After COMMGR is enabled, users can double-click 📻 to open the setting interface below.

и сомма	1		
Name	Description	Status	.dd
		Con	figure
		De	lete
		S	tart
		3	liā (p
		AL	oout

## 3.1.3 Setting the Communication

After the interface is opened, users can begin to set the communication. Owing to the fact that the computer is connected to the CPU module with an USB cable, an USB driver is created. First, click **Add**. Then, complete the following setting.

	Driver Properties		
M CDMMGR Name Descriptio	Connection Setup	SB_Driver SB (Virtual COM)	
	COM Port COM Setup Responding Time Time of Auto-retry Time Interval of Auto-retr	Delta PL	C C A figure elete Start About
	DK	Cancel	



After the setting is complete, the driver appears in the **COMMGR** window. Please click **Start** to start the driver.

COMMGR			
Name	Description	Status	Add
♣ USB_Driver	USB, COM3, Retry=3, TimeOut=3	START	
			Configure
			Delste
			Stat
			Stop
			About

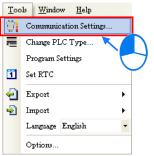
# 3

## 3.2 Downloading the Program

After the editing above is complete, users need to download the parameters and the program to the CPU module. In this example, the data which is downloaded to the PLC is the hardware configuration, the CPU parameters, and the program.

#### 3.2.1 Setting the Communication

After the setting of COMMGR is complete, users can set the communication in ISPSoft. First, find **Communication Settings...** on the **Tools** menu.



After the Communication Setting window appears, please select **USB_Drive** in the **Driver** box, and click **OK**.

Driver	USB_Driver		
Station Address	0 🔻		
IP Address	1		-

Users can see the information about the communication setting in the lower right corner of the screen.

Compile Message	ind Result				
Insert		0/262128 Steps	Offline	USB_Driver, [USB: COM3]	AHCPU530-EN



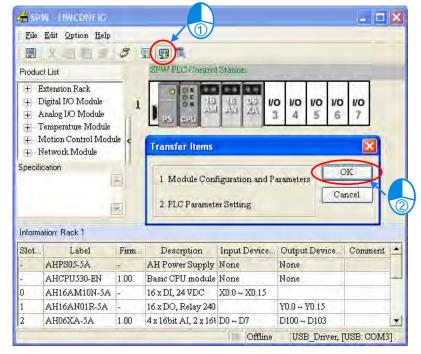
## 3.2.2 Downloading the Hardware Configuration

The hardware configuration is downloaded first. Open the **SPW-HWCONFIG** window as shown below.

# SPW - HWCONFIG

	File Edit Option Help						
1000 V 100	🔳 X 🔄 🗈 🖛	8					
ojeci 0 ×-	Product List		SPW PLC Control	Station			
<ul> <li>Micounitation</li> <li>Project [C:Project and Bills/Delta Industrial</li> <li>Device Comment &amp; Used Device</li> <li>CARD Utility</li> <li>CARD Utility</li> <li>AHCPU530-EN (SP</li> <li>Motion Module</li> <li>Dasks</li> <li>Global Symbols</li> <li>Programs</li> <li>Programs</li> <li>Programs</li> <li>Function Blocks</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Extension Rack</li> <li>Digital I/O Module</li> <li>Analog I/O Module</li> <li>Temperature Module</li> <li>Motion Control Mod</li> <li>Network Module</li> <li>Specification</li> </ul>		P5 CPL		0 1/0 1/0 1/0 1 4 5 6	10 7	
🔁 🚯 FB_SPP_Sys [FB,LD]	Information: Rack 1						
<ul> <li></li></ul>	Slot Label	Firm	Descrption	Input Device	Output Device	Comment	14
3	- AHPS05-5A	-	AH Power Supply	None	None		
iject	- AHCPU530-EN	1.00	Basic CPU module	None	None		-
lecci	0 AH16AM10N-5A	e e	16 x DI, 24 VDC	XII.0 ~ XII.15	and the second second		
	1 AH16AN01R-5A	-	16 x DO, Relay 240	1.25-5	Y0.0 ~ Y0.15		
	2 AH06XA-5A	1.00	4 x 16bit AI, 2 x 16t	D0 ~ D7	D100~D103		4

After users click , the **Transfer Items** window will appear. After the users click **OK**, the hardware configuration and the CPU parameters will be downloaded to the CPU module.





If the CPU module which is actually connected is different from the setting in ISPsoft, the **HWCNFIG** window will appear. Users have to make sure that the CPU module which is actually connected is the CPU module to which the hardware configuration and the CPU parameters will be downloaded. After users click **Yes**, the hardware configuration and the CPU parameters will be downloaded to the CPU module. After the hardware configuration and the CPU parameters are downloaded to the CPU module, the error LED indicator on the CPU module will not be ON.

		HWCONFIG
PC => AH		The CPU Label is different between the connected CPU module and the software settings. Do you want to continue the
	0 %	execution?
		Yes No

3

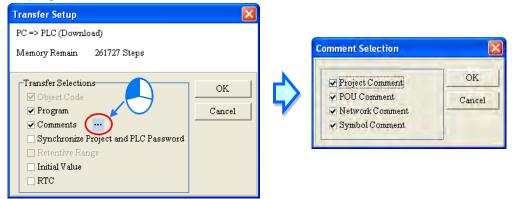
After the downloading of the parameters is complete, please close the **SPW-HWCONFIG** window. (If users use a network module or a motion control module, they have to open the corresponding software to download the related parameters.)

## 3.2.3 Downloading the Program

After the hardware configuration is downloaded, users can begin to download the program. The project has been compiled previously. If the program is modified, users can click is to check the syntax. After the compiling of the program is successful, users can click is to download the program.



There are several transfer options in the **Transfer Setup** window. The object code is the necessary condition for the operation of the CPU module, and therefore the **Object Code** checkbox is selected. In order to maintain the program, the **Program** checkbox and the **Comments** checkbox are selected in this example. The current project will be backed up in the CPU module, and the program will not be lost. Besides, if users want to modify the program on the spot, and forget to bring the original program, they can upload the original program from the CPU module to the computer to modify the program.



After users click **OK**, the downloading of the program is complete.



Finally, check the I/O LED indicator on the module and the status of the equipment. After users make sure that the whole system can be tested, they have to switch the CPU module on so that the CPU module starts to run.



## 3.3 Monitoring and Debugging the Program

## 3.3.1 Monitoring the Program

When the program is executed, users can monitor the program to understand the current logical control state, or modify the values in some devices to test the system. The operation of the program monitoring is as follows.

#### Monitoring the program

Open the Prog_Main window, and click Z.

SPW - De	lta ISPSoft					
<u>File Edit</u>	View Com		Window			
🖹 🚔 🔳		) 🗘 🖫	<b>9 5</b> ,	팖뢂	<u>8</u>	8 4
S S X	000	° 🕄 🔍	€ 100	)%	+ ADD	

Not only the logic program, but also the information related to the devices is monitored. (If the data type is a Boolean value, the state of the device is represented by green (ON) or white (OFF). If the data type is not a Boolean value, the value in the device is shown.)

Prog_Main					
		Lo	ocal Symbols		
Declaration Type	Identifiers	Address	Туре	Initial Value	Identifier Comment
VAR	SPP01_DB	N/A [Auto]	FB_SPP_Sys	N/A	SPP01 Data Block
-		•		···· •	
Network 1					
Supply Pump Co	ntrol - SPP01				
			SPP01_DB	_	
SM400		F	B_SPP_Sys		
		En En	End	·	
	Tank_B	1F_LSW Tank	_B_~ Pump_St-	SPP01_Star	t
	Tank_	RF_LSW Tank	<u>_</u> R_~		
	Tank_I	RF_HSW_Tank	<u>_R_</u> ~		
	SPP01	_Remote_Pump	o_Re~		
	SP	P01_Run_Pump	o_Ru~		
	SP	P01_Trip Pump	o_Tr~		
	SPF	01_Auto_Pump	o_A~		
	SPP01_I	Man_SW Pump	o_M~		
				-	>

If users want to alter the value in the device, they can click the right mouse button. Tank_B1F_LSW is the device which is modified here. Please notice that the device corresponds to an actual I/O device. Setting the device to ON or OFF is meaningless because the actual I/O value covers the setting value immediately. To alter the value in the device, users need to force

SIM400		En	SPP01_DB FB_SPP_Sys Eno	
	Tank_B1F_LSW		Set On	
	Tank_RF_LSW		Set Off	
	Tank_RF_HSW SPP01 Remote		Change Present Value	
	SPP01 Run		Force +	On(X/Y)
	SPP01_Trip		Force Device List	Off (X/Y)
	SPP01_Auto		Rising-edge Trigger	Release (X/Y)
	SPP01_Man_SW		Falling-edge Trigger	Release All

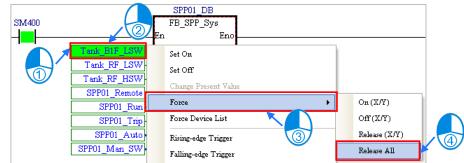
The value in the device is altered, and a lock symbol indicating that the device is forced ON appears.



Network 1	
Supply Pump Contro	l - SPP01
	SPP01_DB
SM400	FB_SPP_Sys
	En Eno
	Tank_BIF_LSWTank_B_~ Pump_St~SPP01_Start
	Tank_RF_LSW_Tank_R_~
	Tank_RF_HSW Tank_R_~
	SPP01_Remote Pump_Re~
	SPP01_Run Pump_Ru~
	SPP01_Trip_Pump_Tr~
	SPP01_Auto_Pump_A~
	SPP01 Man SW Pump_M~



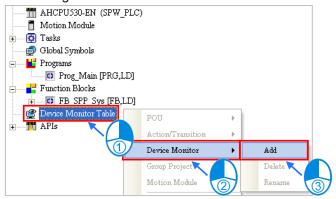
After the system is tested, users have to cancel the setting so that the CPU module can return to normal.



#### Monitoring the device

When the logical control is tested, the devices which have to be modified may be used in different programs. It is not convenient to find these devices in the programs and monitor them. Besides, users sometimes do not alter the value in a device for debugging. They alter the value for testing the external device. If users want to alter the value in a device by means of monitoring the program, they will have difficulty in finding the device, and the program has to be uploaded from the CPU module to the computer. In order to solve the difficulty, users can alter the value in a device by means of a device monitoring table. User even can alter the value in a device and monitor the device without the program.

Right-click Provide Monitor Table in the window at the left side of the main screen of the software to add a new device monitoring table.





Type "SPP01_Table" in the Monitor Table Name box, and click OK.



Users can right-click a blank area in the **Monitor Table** window, and then click **Select Symbols**. They can also double-click a blank area in the **Monitor Table** window to open the **Device Monitor Input** window.

Object	Identifiers	Device Name	Status	Data Type	Value (16bits)	Value (32bits)	Float	Radix	Comment
					<u>D</u> elete Del	2.4			
					Select <u>A</u> ll Ctrl+A				
					Select Symbols		<b>`</b>		
					Set the fields		)		

Click Select All, and then click Apply.

Dbject Source	Symbols
<ul> <li>Global Symbols</li> <li>Programs</li> <li>Function Blocks</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>✓ Tank_Bif_LSW(BOOL)</li> <li>✓ Tank_RF_LSW(BOOL)</li> <li>✓ Tank_RF_HSW(BOOL)</li> <li>✓ SPP0I_Remote(BOOL)</li> <li>✓ SPP0I_Run(BOOL)</li> <li>✓ SPP0I_Tun(BOOL)</li> <li>✓ SPP0I_Start(BOOL)</li> <li>✓ Tank_Bif_LT(REAL)</li> <li>✓ SPP0I_Auto(BOOL)</li> <li>✓ SPP0I_Man_SW(BOOL)</li> </ul>
_	Select All Deselect All

Click Cancel, and then save the file. The device monitoring table is as follows.

Ŷ	SPP01_Table									
	Object	Identifiers	Device	Status	Data Type	Value (16bits)	Value (32bits)	Float	Radix	Comment
۰,	Global Symbols	Tank_B1F_LSW			BOOL				-	Tank B1F Lev
	Global Symbols	Tank_RF_LSW			BOOL				•	Tank RF Level
	Global Symbols	Tank_RF_HSW			BOOL				-	Tank RF Level
	Global Symbols	SPP01_Remote			BOOL				-	Supply Water
	Global Symbols	SPP01_Run			BOOL				-	Supply Water
	Global Symbols	SPP01_Trip			BOOL				-	Supply Water
	Global Symbols	SPP01_Start			BOOL				-	Supply Water
	Global Symbols	Tank_B1F_LT			REAL				Signed Decimal 🔻	Tank B1F Lev
	Global Symbols	SPP01_Auto			BOOL				-	Supply Water
	Global Symbols	SPP01_Man_SW			BOOL				•	Supply Water



Click []. Owing to the fact that only devices are monitored and modified, users do not need a copy of the program.

Ŷ	SPP01_Table									
	Object	Identifiers	Device	Status	Data Type	Value (16bits)	Value (32bits)	Float	Radix	Comment
۲	Global Symbols	Tank_B1F_LSW			BOOL				-	🗂 Tank B1F Lev
	Global Symbols	Tank_RF_LSW			BOOL					📕 Tank RF Level
	Global Symbols	Tank_RF_HSW			BOOL					📕 Tank RF Level
	Global Symbols	SPP01_Remote			BOOL					<ul> <li>Supply Water</li> </ul>
	Global Symbols	SPP01_Run			BOOL					<ul> <li>Supply Water</li> </ul>
	Global Symbols	SPP01_Trip			BOOL					<ul> <li>Supply Water</li> </ul>
	Global Symbols	SPP01_Start			BOOL					<ul> <li>Supply Water</li> </ul>
	Global Symbols	Tank_B1F_LT			REAL	5243	1001264251	0.005	Signed Decimal	📕 Tank B1F Lev
	Global Symbols	SPP01_Auto			BOOL					<ul> <li>Supply Water</li> </ul>
	Global Symbols	SPP01_Man_SW			BOOL					<ul> <li>Supply Water</li> </ul>

If users want to alter the value in the device, they can click the right mouse button. The state of SPP01_Man_SW is altered here. Owing to the fact that the device does not correspond to an actual I/O device, users can set the device to ON or OFF.

Ŷ	SPP01_Table									
	Object	Identifiers	Device	Status	Data Type	Value (16bits)	Value (32bits)	Float	Radix	Comment
	Global Symbols	Tank_B1F_LSW			BOOL				-	Tank B1F Lev
	Global Symbols	Tank_RF_LSW			BOOL				-	' Tank RF Level
	Global Symbols	Tank_RF_HSW			BOOL				-	' Tank RF Level
	Global Symbols	SPP01_Remote			BOOL				-	' Supply Water
	Global Symbols	SPP01_Run			BOOL				•	Supply Water
	Global Symbols	SPP01_Trip			BOOL				-	Supply Water
	Global Symbols	SPP01_Start			BOOL				-	' Supply Water
	Global Symbols	Tank_B1F_LT			REAL	20972	1001935340	0.006	Signed Decimal 🔻	' Tank B1F Lev
	Global Symbols	SPP01_Auto			BOOL				•	Supply Water
Þ	Global Symbols	SPP01_Man_SW							-	Supply Water
					Set On Set Off Force Change I	▶ Present Value				

After the state of SPP01_Man_SW is altered, users can get the following device monitoring table.

Object	Identifiers	Device	Status	Data Type	Value (16bits)	Value (32bits)	Float	Radix	Comment
Global Symbols	Tank_B1F_LSW			BOOL				-	Tank B1F Le
Global Symbols	Tank_RF_LSW			BOOL				-	Tank RF Lev
Global Symbols	Tank_RF_HSW			BOOL				-	Tank RF Lev
Global Symbols	SPP01_Remote			BOOL				•	Supply Wat
Global Symbols	SPP01_Run			BOOL				•	Supply Wat
Global Symbols	SPP01_Trip			BOOL				-	Supply Wat
Global Symbols	SPP01_Start			BOOL				-	Supply Wat
Global Symbols	Tank_B1F_LT			REAL	2621	1003948605	0.007	Signed Decimal 🔻	Tank B1F Le
Global Symbols	SPP01_Auto			BOOL				-	Supply Wat
Global Symbols	SPP01_Man_SW			BOOL				<b>T</b>	Supply Wat

If users do not want to monitor the devices, they can click *z* and close the device monitoring table.



## 3.3.2 Debugging the Program and the System

When the system operates, an error may occur, and the error LED indicator on a module may be ON. If an error occurs, and the error LED indicator is not ON, the error is a logic program error. If users follow the steps in the example, no error will occur. In order to demonstrate a system error, users are asked to turn off the 24 V DC power supply. After the 24 V DC power supply is turned off, the bus fault LED indicator on the CPU module and the error LED indicator on AH06XA-5A are ON. Click A HWCONFIG in the window at the left side of the main screen of the software, and then click **F**. The actual statuses of the modules are as follows.



Generally speaking, a hardware configuration error occurs if the BUS FAULT LED indicator on the CPU module is ON. Users can select AH06XA-5A, click the right mouse button, and select **Diagnosis**.



The information about the error is shown in the following picture.

Module E	rror Log				2
			C	urrent	
Rack No.	Slot No.	Module Name	Error Code	Date & Time	Description
1	2	AH06XA-5A	16#A601	::	Power failure
			Н	listory	
Rack No.	Slot No.	Module Name	Error Code	Date & Time	Description
Refres	h				Clear Cancel

As the picture above shows, the module is not supplied with power. Please turn on the power supply, and click **Refresh**. The system will check the status of the module again. In this example, the module has been supplied with power. Therefore, the system does not detect any error, and there is no error log in the **Current** box, as shown below. If the system detects a new error, the new error log appears in the **Current** box. Besides, the error log in the **History** box is cleared if users click **Clear**. However, due to the fact that the modules are designed differently, the error logs are not maintained



in all modules. In other words, for some modules, there may be no error log in the History box.

Module Error Log 🛛 🔀									
			C	urrent					
Rack No.	Slot No.	Module Name	Error Code	Date & Time	Description				
History									
Rack No.	Slot No.	Module Name	Error Code	Date & Time	Description				
		7							
	$\leq$								
Refresi					Clear Cancel				



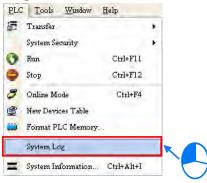
Since no error occurs, users can close the **Module Error Log** window. Besides, users can find that the whole system returns to normal.

0	000 8 = 8	15	15	05	1/0	1/0	1/0	10	1/0
P5	GPU	200	DIA.	ALL	3	4	5	6	7

Users can set the CPU module to STOP, and then set it to RUN. When the CPU module runs, the system and the screen of the software return to normal.

PS CPU	4	5	6	1/0 7
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Close the **SPW-HWCONFIG** window, and return to the main screen of ISPSoft. Users can see the error log by selecting **PLC Error Log** on the **PLC** menu.





As the picture below shows, the power supply is abnormal, and an error occurs when the analog data is converted into the digital data.

System Log	ł				
Error Log	Program Change L	og   Status Change L	og		
Rack	No. Slot No.	Module ID	Error Code	Date & Time	<b>▲</b>
1	2	AH06XA-5A	16#1402	0-1-1 5:53:30	The I/O module do
1	-	AHCPU530-EN	16#1801	0-1-1 3:54:7	The interrupt task
1	2	AH06XA-5A	16#A601	0-1-1 3:42:44	Power failure
1	2	AH06XA-5A	16#1402	0-1-1 2:42:53	The I/O module do
1	2	AH06XA-5A	16#1402	0-1-1 2:35:36	The I/O module do
1	2	AH06XA-5A	16#1402	0-1-1 2:33:23	The I/O module do
1	2	AH06XA-5A	16#1402	0-1-1 2:33:9	The I/O module do
1	2	AH06XA-5A	16#1402	0-1-1 2:33:3	The I/O module do
1	2	AH06XA-5A	16#1402	0-1-1 2:32:45	The I/O module do
1	2	AH06XA-5A	16#1402	0-1-1 2:32:36	The I/O module do
1	2	AH06XA-5A	16#1402	0-1-1 2:32:31	The I/O module do
1	2	AH06XA-5A	16#1402	0-1-1 2:32:25	The I/O module do
1	2	AH06XA-5A	16#1402	0-1-1 2:32:17	The I/O module do 💌
•					•
Refre	sh			Clear Log	Cancel

If users want to delete the old error log, they can click **Clear Log**. After closing the software, users complete the operation illustrated in this example.



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